

N'-(3,5-Dichloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-4-nitrobenzohydrazide methanol solvate

Hai-Yun Zhu

Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Baoji University of Arts and Sciences, Baoji 721013, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zhuzhuhaiyun@126.com

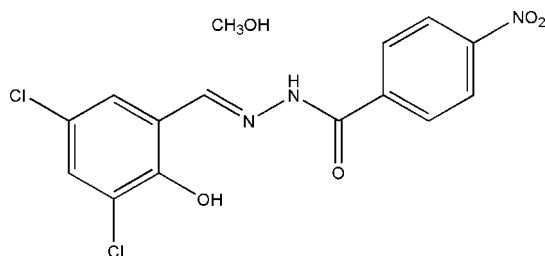
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.054; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_4 \cdot \text{CH}_4\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings in the hydrazone molecule is $6.3(3)^\circ$. An intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bond stabilizes the molecular conformation. In the crystal, centrosymmetrically related molecules are linked through intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For general background to hydrazone compounds, see: Rasras *et al.* (2010); Fan *et al.* (2010); Ajani *et al.* (2010); Avaji *et al.* (2009). For the crystal structures of related hydrazone compounds, see: Khaledi *et al.* (2010); Han *et al.* (2010); Hussain *et al.* (2010); Ji & Lu (2010). For reference bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_4 \cdot \text{CH}_4\text{O}$
 $M_r = 386.18$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 7.415(3)$ Å

 $b = 13.408(3)$ Å

 $c = 16.674(2)$ Å

 $\beta = 99.716(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1634.0(8)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.43$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K

 $0.15 \times 0.13 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

 $T_{\min} = 0.938$, $T_{\max} = 0.958$

8410 measured reflections

3467 independent reflections

 2099 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.124$
 $S = 1.02$

3467 reflections

232 parameters

1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1} \cdots \text{N1}$	0.82	1.92	2.633 (3)	145
$\text{N2}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{O5}$	0.90 (1)	1.91 (1)	2.793 (3)	167 (3)
$\text{O5}-\text{H5} \cdots \text{O2}^i$	0.82	2.15	2.903 (3)	153

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2485).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2562 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810036184]

***N'*-(3,5-Dichloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-4-nitrobenzohydrazide methanol solvate**

H.-Y. Zhu

Comment

In recent years, considerable interest has been focused on the preparation and biological properties of hydrazone compounds (Rasras *et al.*, 2010; Fan *et al.*, 2010; Ajani *et al.*, 2010; Avaji *et al.*, 2009). The crystal structures of a number of hydrazone compounds have been reported (Khaledi *et al.*, 2010; Han *et al.*, 2010; Hussain *et al.*, 2010; Ji & Lu, 2010). The author reports in this paper the title new hydrazone compound.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound (Fig. 1) consists of a hydrazone molecule and a methanol molecule. The dihedral angle between the C1—C6 and C9—C14 benzene rings is $6.3(3)^\circ$. There is an intramolecular O—H \cdots N hydrogen bond (Table 1) stabilizing the conformation of the hydrazone molecule. All bond lengths are within normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987), and are comparable with those in the similar hydrazone compounds as cited above. In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), centrosymmetrically related molecules are linked through intermolecular O—H \cdots O and N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

Experimental

3,5-Dichlorosalicylaldehyde (0.191 g, 1 mmol) and 4-nitrobenzohydrazide (0.181 g, 1 mmol) were dissolved in 30 ml absolute methanol. The mixture was stirred at reflux for 10 min, and cooled to room temperature. The clear yellow solution was left to slowly evaporate in air for a week, yielding yellow needle crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray analysis.

Refinement

The H2 atom attached to N2 was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to $0.90(1) \text{ \AA}$, and with U_{iso} fixed at 0.08 \AA^2 . The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding-model approximation, with C—H = $0.93\text{--}0.96 \text{ \AA}$, O—H = 0.82 \AA , and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$ for methyl and hydroxy H atoms.

Figures

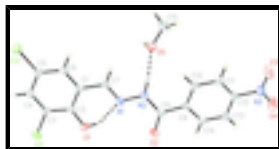


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-hydrogen atoms. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

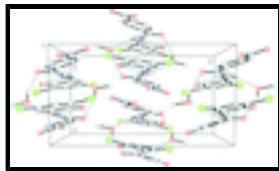


Fig. 2. The molecular packing of the title compound viewed along the *c* axis. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) are omitted for clarity.

N'-(3,5-Dichloro-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-4-nitrobenzohydrazide methanol solvate

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Cl_2N_3O_4 \cdot CH_4O$

$M_r = 386.18$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/n$

$a = 7.415\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 13.408\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 16.674\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 99.716\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1634.0\ (8)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 792$

$D_x = 1.570\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1245 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}24.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.43\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Cut from needle, yellow

$0.15 \times 0.13 \times 0.10\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.938$, $T_{\max} = 0.958$

8410 measured reflections

3467 independent reflections

2099 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 17$

$l = -21 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$

$wR(F^2) = 0.124$

$S = 1.02$

3467 reflections

232 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0478P)^2 + 0.0676P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.46614 (12)	-0.21402 (6)	0.15195 (5)	0.0565 (3)
C12	0.37115 (12)	0.17025 (6)	0.06479 (5)	0.0538 (3)
N1	0.2955 (3)	-0.01141 (17)	0.40697 (13)	0.0378 (6)
N2	0.2663 (3)	0.02375 (17)	0.48171 (14)	0.0388 (6)
N3	0.0804 (4)	0.1043 (3)	0.84113 (17)	0.0567 (8)
O1	0.3717 (3)	-0.14918 (14)	0.30523 (12)	0.0481 (6)
H1	0.3572	-0.1275	0.3497	0.072*
O2	0.2382 (3)	-0.13351 (15)	0.52776 (12)	0.0552 (6)
O3	0.0317 (4)	0.1905 (2)	0.84516 (15)	0.0786 (8)
O4	0.1004 (4)	0.0463 (2)	0.89825 (15)	0.0911 (9)
O5	0.4237 (3)	0.21205 (16)	0.51288 (15)	0.0619 (7)
H5	0.5275	0.2100	0.5021	0.093*
C1	0.3366 (4)	0.0260 (2)	0.27209 (16)	0.0329 (6)
C2	0.3712 (4)	-0.0733 (2)	0.25280 (16)	0.0356 (7)
C3	0.4095 (4)	-0.0933 (2)	0.17535 (16)	0.0349 (7)
C4	0.4077 (4)	-0.0197 (2)	0.11735 (17)	0.0410 (7)
H4	0.4311	-0.0353	0.0657	0.049*
C5	0.3705 (4)	0.0773 (2)	0.13695 (16)	0.0370 (7)
C6	0.3342 (4)	0.1002 (2)	0.21322 (16)	0.0363 (7)
H6	0.3079	0.1656	0.2256	0.044*
C7	0.3046 (4)	0.0552 (2)	0.35267 (16)	0.0373 (7)
H7	0.2908	0.1223	0.3647	0.045*
C8	0.2371 (4)	-0.0435 (2)	0.53888 (17)	0.0369 (7)
C9	0.1972 (4)	-0.0003 (2)	0.61643 (16)	0.0332 (7)
C10	0.1438 (4)	0.0976 (2)	0.62461 (17)	0.0395 (7)
H10	0.1332	0.1406	0.5803	0.047*
C11	0.1061 (4)	0.1320 (2)	0.69819 (18)	0.0440 (8)
H11	0.0710	0.1978	0.7040	0.053*
C12	0.1216 (4)	0.0669 (2)	0.76247 (17)	0.0405 (7)
C13	0.1716 (4)	-0.0309 (2)	0.75640 (17)	0.0439 (8)
H13	0.1796	-0.0737	0.8008	0.053*
C14	0.2096 (4)	-0.0643 (2)	0.68295 (17)	0.0400 (7)
H14	0.2439	-0.1304	0.6777	0.048*

supplementary materials

C15	0.3910 (5)	0.3073 (2)	0.5430 (2)	0.0592 (9)
H15A	0.4591	0.3147	0.5970	0.089*
H15B	0.2628	0.3147	0.5444	0.089*
H15C	0.4288	0.3574	0.5082	0.089*
H2	0.300 (5)	0.0871 (11)	0.494 (2)	0.080*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0704 (6)	0.0374 (5)	0.0641 (6)	0.0041 (4)	0.0181 (4)	-0.0126 (4)
C12	0.0633 (6)	0.0514 (5)	0.0479 (5)	-0.0048 (4)	0.0127 (4)	0.0148 (4)
N1	0.0435 (15)	0.0393 (14)	0.0321 (13)	-0.0018 (12)	0.0109 (11)	-0.0040 (11)
N2	0.0501 (16)	0.0345 (14)	0.0334 (13)	-0.0035 (13)	0.0120 (11)	-0.0031 (11)
N3	0.0562 (19)	0.072 (2)	0.0457 (18)	-0.0123 (17)	0.0203 (14)	-0.0134 (16)
O1	0.0704 (16)	0.0325 (12)	0.0429 (12)	-0.0015 (11)	0.0138 (12)	0.0040 (9)
O2	0.0864 (18)	0.0301 (12)	0.0527 (14)	-0.0008 (12)	0.0223 (12)	-0.0067 (10)
O3	0.098 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.0684 (18)	0.0053 (17)	0.0328 (15)	-0.0264 (15)
O4	0.143 (3)	0.093 (2)	0.0445 (15)	-0.0060 (19)	0.0359 (16)	-0.0005 (15)
O5	0.0673 (17)	0.0488 (14)	0.0767 (17)	-0.0132 (12)	0.0326 (14)	-0.0180 (12)
C1	0.0328 (16)	0.0336 (16)	0.0335 (15)	-0.0002 (13)	0.0089 (12)	-0.0015 (12)
C2	0.0350 (17)	0.0346 (17)	0.0375 (16)	-0.0021 (13)	0.0065 (13)	0.0027 (13)
C3	0.0342 (17)	0.0311 (16)	0.0406 (16)	0.0007 (13)	0.0094 (13)	-0.0066 (13)
C4	0.0444 (19)	0.0441 (18)	0.0354 (16)	-0.0056 (15)	0.0095 (13)	-0.0027 (14)
C5	0.0375 (17)	0.0383 (17)	0.0357 (16)	-0.0036 (14)	0.0081 (13)	0.0039 (13)
C6	0.0371 (17)	0.0290 (15)	0.0423 (17)	0.0011 (13)	0.0056 (13)	0.0008 (13)
C7	0.0401 (18)	0.0323 (16)	0.0406 (16)	0.0026 (14)	0.0099 (13)	-0.0024 (13)
C8	0.0384 (18)	0.0350 (17)	0.0378 (16)	-0.0028 (14)	0.0078 (13)	-0.0025 (14)
C9	0.0307 (16)	0.0351 (16)	0.0344 (15)	-0.0016 (13)	0.0075 (12)	-0.0028 (13)
C10	0.0459 (19)	0.0368 (17)	0.0387 (17)	0.0034 (14)	0.0157 (14)	0.0019 (13)
C11	0.048 (2)	0.0404 (18)	0.0461 (18)	0.0010 (15)	0.0150 (15)	-0.0044 (15)
C12	0.0340 (17)	0.054 (2)	0.0356 (16)	-0.0081 (15)	0.0132 (13)	-0.0094 (15)
C13	0.048 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.0368 (17)	-0.0054 (16)	0.0068 (14)	0.0039 (14)
C14	0.0417 (18)	0.0332 (17)	0.0458 (18)	-0.0059 (14)	0.0094 (14)	-0.0009 (14)
C15	0.058 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.074 (2)	0.0044 (17)	0.0156 (18)	-0.0058 (18)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C3	1.733 (3)	C4—C5	1.380 (4)
C12—C5	1.733 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C7	1.282 (3)	C5—C6	1.378 (4)
N1—N2	1.383 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C8	1.356 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—H2	0.898 (10)	C8—C9	1.492 (4)
N3—O3	1.217 (4)	C9—C10	1.385 (4)
N3—O4	1.219 (3)	C9—C14	1.393 (4)
N3—C12	1.483 (4)	C10—C11	1.383 (4)
O1—C2	1.341 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
O1—H1	0.8200	C11—C12	1.372 (4)
O2—C8	1.221 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300

O5—C15	1.409 (3)	C12—C13	1.371 (4)
O5—H5	0.8200	C13—C14	1.377 (4)
C1—C6	1.396 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—C2	1.403 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
C1—C7	1.457 (4)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.394 (4)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.380 (4)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C7—N1—N2	115.7 (2)	C1—C7—H7	120.0
C8—N2—N1	118.3 (2)	O2—C8—N2	123.0 (3)
C8—N2—H2	123 (2)	O2—C8—C9	121.5 (3)
N1—N2—H2	116 (2)	N2—C8—C9	115.4 (2)
O3—N3—O4	124.2 (3)	C10—C9—C14	119.1 (3)
O3—N3—C12	118.5 (3)	C10—C9—C8	123.7 (3)
O4—N3—C12	117.3 (3)	C14—C9—C8	117.1 (3)
C2—O1—H1	109.5	C11—C10—C9	120.5 (3)
C15—O5—H5	109.5	C11—C10—H10	119.8
C6—C1—C2	119.7 (2)	C9—C10—H10	119.8
C6—C1—C7	118.2 (3)	C12—C11—C10	118.6 (3)
C2—C1—C7	122.1 (3)	C12—C11—H11	120.7
O1—C2—C3	118.6 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.7
O1—C2—C1	123.4 (3)	C13—C12—C11	122.6 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.0 (2)	C13—C12—N3	119.2 (3)
C4—C3—C2	122.1 (3)	C11—C12—N3	118.2 (3)
C4—C3—C11	119.0 (2)	C12—C13—C14	118.4 (3)
C2—C3—C11	118.9 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.8
C5—C4—C3	119.1 (3)	C14—C13—H13	120.8
C5—C4—H4	120.4	C13—C14—C9	120.8 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.4	C13—C14—H14	119.6
C6—C5—C4	120.4 (3)	C9—C14—H14	119.6
C6—C5—C12	120.3 (2)	O5—C15—H15A	109.5
C4—C5—C12	119.3 (2)	O5—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	120.6 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.7	O5—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.7	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—C1	120.0 (3)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	120.0		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1—H1...N1	0.82	1.92	2.633 (3)	145.
N2—H2...O5	0.90 (1)	1.91 (1)	2.793 (3)	167 (3)
O5—H5...O2 ⁱ	0.82	2.15	2.903 (3)	153.

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

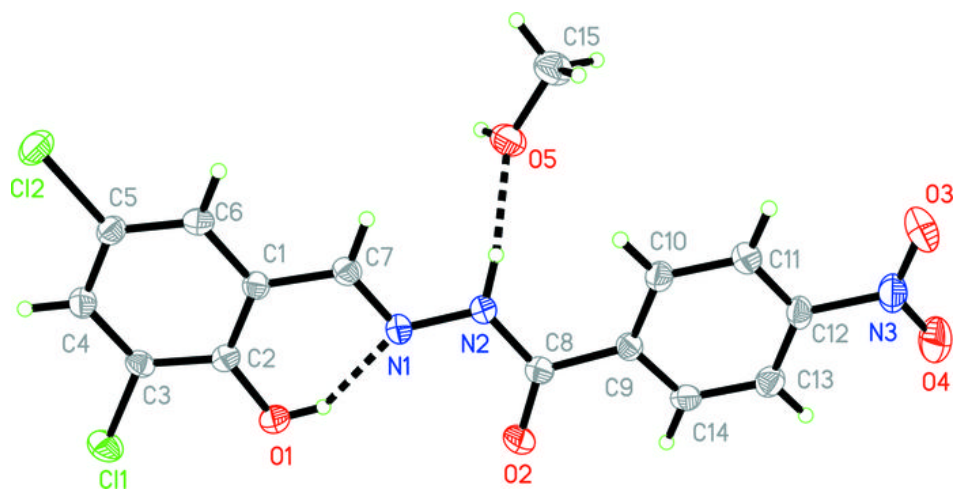


Fig. 2

